Chapter 1:

- 1. What are neurons/nerve cells? What are neuroglial cells?
- 2. Be able to name and describe the major features of a neuron. What does a cell body contain? What is an axon? Dendrites (and dendritic arborization)?
- 3. Neurons display a wide range of cell types, why is this?
- 4. What are neurotransmitters, what function do they serve?
- 5. What is an action potential and how does it work? What is the role of ion pumps and channels?
- 6. What helps determine a neuron's function?
- 7. Describe the process of synaptic communication. What is the synaptic cleft? Pre/postsynaptic terminals? NT receptors? Vesicles?
- 8. What is a neural circuit? Afferent neurons? Efferent neurons? Interneurons?
- 9. What is an example of a neural circuit? (describe)
- 10. What are electrophysiological recordings and the two basic methods? What is the difference between synaptic and receptor potentials?
- 11. What are the two neural systems and their purposes?
- 12. What is the central nervous system? Peripheral nervous system?
- 13. In the central nervous system, what are the two ways nerve cells are organized?
- 14. How are axons in the CNS organized? What types of cells insulate these axons (in both the CNS and PNS)? What is this insulation called and how does it work?
- 15. What is gray matter? White matter?
- 16. What are the four main types of ganglia in the PNS?
- 17. Describe the organization of autonomic ganglia in the autonomic motor division of the PNS. (parasympathetic and sympathetic)
- 18. What are the seven basic parts of the CNS?
- 19. What are the functions of the brainstem? What are the main nerve types the brainstem houses?
- 20. What are the functions of the spinal cord? Describe the organization of the spinal cord. Also describe how information travels through the spinal cord.
- 21. What are gyri and sulci? Fissures?
- 22. What is the cerebral cortex?
- 23. What are the four cerebral hemispheres? Describe the important parts and cognitive functions of each hemisphere.
- 24. Briefly describe and identify the parts of the olfactory system.
- 25. Where is the cerebellum, thalamus, hypothalamus, hippocampus, sylvian fissure, and pons located?
- 26. What are the two largest structures embedded within the cerebral hemispheres? What makes up the basal ganglia?
- 27. What is the amygdala?
- 28. What is the ventricular system? The four ventricles? CSF? Choroid Plexus?