

Youngest ascendancy

Priority of Access & the α male



M1

M2

M1.3

M2.2 M2.1

M1.2

M1.1

How

does this

work?



What story does this diagram tell (at least, if you speak a European language)?





White-handed gibbon (Hylobates lar): color variation unrelated to age/sex ?unique.

>30% with healed fractures; ? mortality from falls.

Where does a young gibbon go to live?

Why duet (v. both calling independently?) for intergroup (Falk), why spend so much energy reinforcing bond? Cousins: The Apes





Hoolock (left: female; right: male)



Siamang

White-handed



Where does a young gibbon go to live?

independently?)

If duetting is overkill for intergroup (Falk), why spend so much energy reinforcing bond?

Territoriality + long life = saturated habitat; conventional model says look for another disperser & then find a vacant area - but what odds?

So - how are gibbons like pharaohs? Why duet (v. both calling Information: 2 fit adults here, stay away (~ howlers), v. 2 fit adults whose ability to closely coordinate behavior means they a team. On this view, how might siamang swinging contribute to the message (picture yourself swinging and singing)

> Many other ways to reinforce bond (e.g. grooming) that are 'cheaper'. Is it *making* commitment, or *advertising* commitment? Or, is it making commitment by advertising it? Zahavi and "why shout?"

If duetting is overkill

